

All-sky images at 630 nm for the study of plasma irregularities in the upper atmosphere

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Abstract:

The observation of the upper atmosphere using airglow is very relevant to complement the study on the generation of plasma irregularities that cause disruptions in radio communications. We present a report about a new all-sky imager installed in the northern part of Mexico (24.7°N, 99.8°W), for observing plasma irregularities, particularly Travelling Ionospheric Disturbances (TIDs). The main objective of this instrument at hand is to characterize TIDs based on the horizontal wavelength, phase velocity, period and propagation direction, and further, developing studies on its dynamics.

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References:

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